



Lifesaving

Merit Badge Worksheet

Scouts Name _____

Date _____

Counselor's Name _____

Counselor's Phone # _____

Complete

1. Before doing requirements 2 through 15, complete this requirement.

a. Complete Second Class requirements 7a through 7c and First Class requirements 9a through 9c.

7a Tell what precautions must be taken for a safe swim. _____

7b Demonstrate your ability to jump feetfirst into water over your head in depth, level off and swim 25 feet on the surface, stop, turn sharply, resume swimming, then return to your starting place. Date Completed _____

7c Demonstrate water rescue methods by reaching with your arm or leg, reaching with a suitable object, and by throwing lines and objects. Explain why swimming rescues should not be attempted when a reaching or throwing rescue is possible, and explain why and how a rescue swimmer should avoid contact with the victim. Date Completed _____

9a Tell what precautions should be taken for a safe trip afloat . _____

9b Successfully complete the BSA swimmer test. Completed _____

9c With a helper and a practice victim, show a line rescue both as tender and as rescuer. (The practice victim should be approximately 30 feet from shore in deep water). Date Completed _____

b. Swim continuously for 400 yards using each of the following strokes in a strong manner for at least 50 continuous yards: front crawl, sidestroke, breaststroke, and elementary backstroke. Date Completed _____

Complete

2. Explain the following:

a. Common drowning situations and how to prevent them. _____

b. How to identify persons in the water who need assistance. _____

c. The order of methods in water rescue. _____

d. How rescue techniques vary depending on the setting and the condition of the person needing assistance. _____

e. Situations for which in-water rescues should not be undertaken. Give examples

Complete

3. Demonstrate “reaching” rescues using various items such as arms, legs, towels, shirts, paddles, and poles. Date Completed _____

4. Demonstrate “throwing” rescues using various items such as lines, ring buoys, rescue bags, and free-floating supports. Successfully place at least one such aid within reach of a practice victim 25 feet from shore. Date Completed _____

Complete

5. Show or explain the use of rowboats, canoes, and other small craft in performing rescues. _____

Complete

6. List various items that can be used as rescue aids in a noncontact swimming rescue. Explain why buoyant aids are preferred. _____

Complete

7. Perform the following equipment-based rescues for a conscious practice subject 30 feet from shore. Use a proper entry and a strong approach stroke. Speak to the subject to determine his condition and to provide instructions and encouragement.

a. Present a rescue tube to the subject, release it, and escort the victim to safety.

Date Completed _____

b. Present a rescue tube to the subject and use it to tow the victim to safety. Date Completed _____

c. Present a buoyant aid other than a rescue tube to the subject, release it, and escort the victim to safety. Date Completed _____

d. Present a buoyant aid other than a rescue tube to the subject and use it to tow the victim to safety. Date Completed _____

e. Remove street clothes in 20 seconds or less and use a non-buoyant aid, such as a shirt or towel, to tow the subject to safety. Explain when it is appropriate to remove heavy clothing before attempting a swimming rescue. _____

Complete

8. Explain the importance of avoiding contact with an active victim and describe lead-and-wait tactics. _____

Complete

9. Perform the following nonequipment rescues for a conscious practice subject 30 feet from shore. Begin in the water from a position near the subject. Speak to the subject to determine his condition and to provide instructions and encouragement.

a. Provide a swim-along assist for a calm, responsive, tired swimmer moving with a weak forward stroke. Date Completed _____

b. Perform an armpit tow for a calm responsive, tired swimmer resting with a back float. Date Completed _____

c. Perform a cross-chest carry for an exhausted, passive victim who does not respond to instructions to aid himself. Date Completed _____

Complete

10. In deep water, show how to escape from a victim's grasp on your wrist. Repeat for front and rear holds about the head and shoulders. Date Completed _____

Complete

11. Perform the following rescues for an unconscious practice subject at or near the surface 30 feet from shore. Use a proper entry and strong approach stroke. Speak to the subject and splash water on him to determine his condition before making contact. Remove the victim from the water, with assistance if needed, and position for CPR.

a. Perform an equipment assist using a buoyant aid. Completed _____

b. Perform a front approach and wrist tow. Date Completed _____

c. Perform a rear approach and armpit tow. Date Completed _____

Complete

12. Describe how to respond if a victim submerges before being reached by a rescuer, and do the following.

a. Recover a 10-pound weight in 8 to 10 feet of water using a feetfirst surface dive. Date Completed _____

b. Repeat using a headfirst surface dive. Date Completed _____

Complete

13. Demonstrate knowledge of resuscitation procedures:

a. Describe how to recognize the need for rescue breathing and CPR. _____

b. Demonstrate proper CPR technique for at least 3 minutes using a mannequin designed to simulate ventilations and compressions. Completed _____

Complete

14. Demonstrate management of a spinal injury:

a. Explain the signs and symptoms of a spinal injury. _____

b. Support a face up victim in calm, shallow water. Date Completed _____

c. Turn a subject from a facedown to a faceup position while maintaining support. Date Completed _____

Complete

15 Demonstrate that you know first aid for other injuries or illnesses that could occur while swimming or boating, including hypothermia, heat reactions, muscle cramps, sunburn, stings, and hyperventilation. Date Completed _____